

**Tools for assessment of student performance in Latin course
for students of GENERAL MEDICINE
program 31.05.01
full time study
academic year 2025-2026**

End-of-course assessment in the Latin course is in the form of credit given for final testing done online. The test covers all the sections done during course work: anatomical terms, clinical terms, prescription.

Final test in Latin for General Medicine students

I Anatomical terms

Choose the correct answer:

001. THE NOUN vein AND ADJECTIVE pulmonalis IN THE PHRASE openings of pulmonary veins IS TRANSLATED AS:

- 1) venarum pulmonalium
- 2) venae pulmonales
- 3) venarum pulmonalum

002. THE GENITIVE CASE ENDING IN THE WORD genu:

- 1) -us
- 2) -is
- 3) -ae
- 4)

003. IN THE PHRASE sacred bone THE ADJECTIVE IS: os...

- 1) sacrale
- 2) sacralis
- 3) sacrum

004. THE PHRASE spinous process IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) processus spinosus
- 2) processus spinosa
- 3) processus spinosum

005. THE PHRASE upper tooth IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) dens anterior
- 2) dens superior
- 3) dens superius

006. THE PHRASE right lung IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) manus dextra
- 2) pulmo dexter
- 3) digitus dexter

007. THE GENITIVE CASE ENDING IN THE WORD olecranon:

- 1) -ae
- 2) -i
- 3) -is

008. THE PHRASE articular surfaces IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) facies articulares
- 2) faciei articulare
- 3) facies articularis

009. THE ADJECTIVE lesser IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) minor
- 2) majus
- 3) minimus

010. IN THE PHRASE hypoglossal nerve THE ADJECTIVE IS: nervus ...

- 1) hypoglossus
- 2) sublingualis
- 3) hyoideus

II Clinical terms

011. SURGICAL DISSECTION OF A GLAND

- 1) adenotomia
- 2) hysterotomia
- 3) gastrotomia

012. AVERSION TO LIGHT

- 1) erythrophobia
- 2) hydrophobia
- 3) photophobia

013. ABSENCE OF SENSITIVITY

- 1) dysaesthesia
- 2) dysplasia
- 3) anaesthesia
- 4) aplasia

014. URINE-CONTAINING SUBSTANCES IN THE BLOOD

- 1) haematuria

- 2) chyluria
- 3) uraemia

015. HARDENING OF KIDNEY TISSUE

- 1) nephrosclerosis
- 2) pneumosclerosis
- 3) cerebro sclerosis

016. PRESENCE OF CHYLE IN THE CHEST

- 1) achylia
- 2) chylothorax
- 3) chyluria

017. TUMOR-LIKE GROWTH OF ADIPOSE TISSUE

- 1) lipomatosis
- 2) fibrosis
- 3) fibromatosis

018. PAIN IN THE HEART

- 1) cardiopathia
- 2) cardialgia
- 3) cardiogramma

019. BREATHING OUT

- 1) inspiratio
- 2) respiratio
- 3) expiratio

020. BLOOD IN URINE

- 1) haematuria
- 2) chyluria
- 3) uraemia

III Pharmaceutical terminology

021. PRESCRIPTION FORMULA in starch capsules IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) in capsulis gelatinosis
- 2) in capsulis obductis
- 3) in capsulis amylaceis

022. THE PHRASE bright sulphur IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) Sulfur rectificatum
- 2) Sulfur depuratum

3) Sulphur depuratum

023. THE PHRASE magnesium oxide IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) Magnii oxydi
- 2) Mangani oxydi
- 3) Magnesii oxydum

024. THE ABBREVIATION *D.t.d. N.* READS IN FULL AS

- 1) Da tales doses numero 20
- 2) Da tales doses Numero 20
- 3) Da tale doses numero 20

025. THE PHRASE folium Urticae IS TRANSLATED AS

- 1) nettle leaf
- 2) sunflower leaf
- 3) chamomile leaf

The full fund of assessment tools for the course is available in the EIES of VolgSMU at the link:
<https://elearning.volgmed.ru/course/view.php?id=6727> .

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Head of department



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